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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/719,846	11/24/2003	Susan A. Cook		2926	
7590 10/31/2007 John J. Welch, Jr., Esq.			EXAMINER		
8 E. Center	8 E. Center Street			REDDING, DAVID A	
Rutland, VT 05701			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3723		
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/31/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/719,846	COOK, SUSAN A.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	David A. Redding	3723			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mile earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 3.1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' atute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. \$ 133)			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3/	<u>/5/07; 4/6/07</u> .				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ T	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 2-6 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 2-6 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to be the drawing(s) be held in abeyand rection is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a limit of the papplication from the section for a limit of the papplication from the	ents have been received. ents have been received in Apriority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to the amendment to claim 2, filed 3/5/07, and to the amendments to claims 3-6, filed 4/6/07.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 2-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USP 5,403,587 (McCue et al) in view of USP 6,475,976 to Mahieu et al.

McCue et al. disclose an aqueous composition comprising about 0.02 to about 5 weight % of an essential oil (peppermint), about 0.10 to about 95 weight % of a solubilizing agent (ethanol), and the remainder being made up of water (col. 3, lines 10-17; col. 3, line 61; col. 4, lines 12-18). This composition is considered to read on the dilution ratios claimed.

The reference further discloses that the aqueous composition can be applied to a surface by impregnating a towelette (col. 5, lines 50-54). The reference is silent as to the wood pulp percent.

USP 6,475,976 to Mahieu et al. disclose a piece of paper impregnated with an aqueous solution containing peppermint and ethanol. The piece of paper is disclosed as being from 10% - 90% weight wood pulp fiber (col.8, lines 35-40). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to use the paper product in Mahieu et al. as a means to apply the aqueous peppermint oil solution externally as a rub or liniment in view of the paper products known use of applying an aqueous solution of peppermint/ethanol to a surface.

The wood pulp percentage specified in claims 2 and 3, the weight density specified in claims 2 and 5, are considered to be obvious result-effective variables of the paper product disclosed in Mahieu et al. "[W]here the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation." In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955).

In the absence of unexpected results the dimensions specified in claim 5 are obvious. In Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984), the Federal Circuit held that, where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative

dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably distinct from the prior art device.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 3/5/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the Gardner article does not disclose a composition for cleaning a horse bit, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David A. Redding whose telephone number is 571-272-1276. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 6:00 - 3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Hail can be reached on 571-272-4485. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/ David Redding / Primary Examiner Art Unit 3723

DAR